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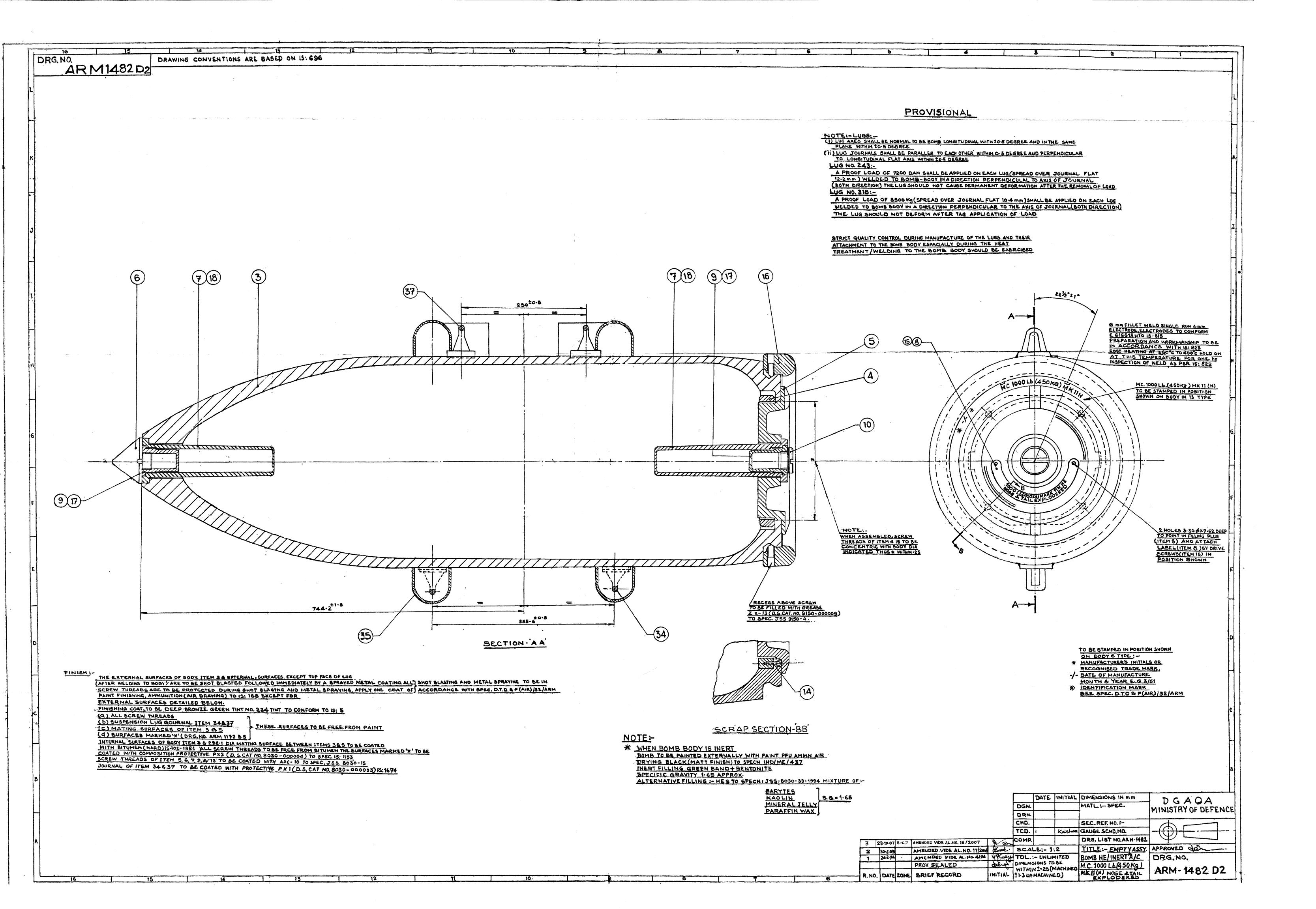
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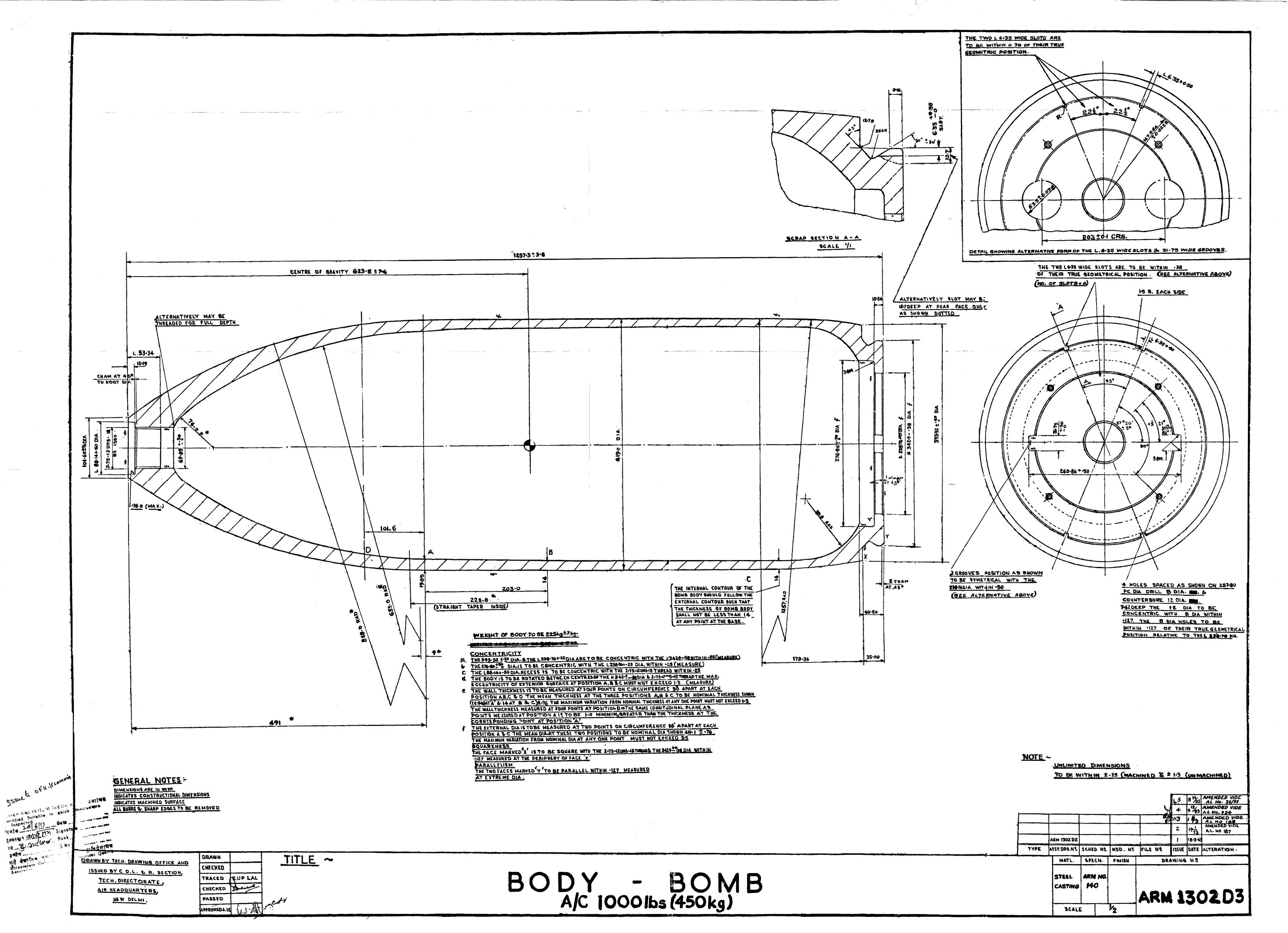
2016/19 01/5/19 NO R.NO REMARKS DESCRIPTION DRG. NO. S.N. R. mclas G. A. FILLING & MARKING BOMB H.E/ 1 1 ARM-1482 D1 INERT A/C MC 1000 Lbs (450 Kg) MK11N NOSE & TAIL EXPLODERED EMPTY ASSY. BOMB H.E/INERT A/C : 1 ARM-1482 D2 1000 Lb (450kg) MK 11N NOSE & TAIL EXPLODERED BODY SOMB 1 ARM-1302 D3 4 ARM-1172 B4 RING NUT 1 1 FILLING PLUG ARM-1172 35 5 6 ARM-1049 B NOSE-PLUG 1 2 7 CONTAINER EXPLODER ARM-1172 CA ARM-1482 B3 LABEL, H.E/INERT Ì 8 DETCHATOR HOLDER 9 ARM-1172 B14 PLUG A/C. BOMB NO.34 HK I (ASSY) ١ ARM-1172 A15 1 X ARM - 1172 A 15 PLUG 11 WASHER 1 12 ARM-1172 A17 X 2 ARM-1172 A18 LOCKING SCREW 13 4 ARM-1172 A19 SCREW 14 Type 'U' PARKER KALON OR EGUIV-2 drive screw no exemm long 15 N.D. ARM-1172 C20 BASE TRANSIT A/C BOMB NO. 53 MK1 1 16 ARM-1172 A 21 17 LOCKING SCREW 2 1 18 ARM-1172 B22 TUBE EXPLODER NOSE 19 ARM-1172 B23 TUBE EXPLODER REAR 1 30 AMENDEE VIDE AL NO: 17/05 Mormel. SEALED (PROV.) INITIAL R.N. DATE BRIEF RECORD INSTIA RNIDATE BRIEF RECORD SEC. REF. NO GAQA DRN. STORE SPECNING. MINISTRY OF DEFENCE COMP - L ASSY, DRG, NO ARM-1482 D1 BOMB APPROVED CIC DRG, LIST FOR !-CHD. HE/INERTA/C 100016(450k3) DRG LIST NO.

EXPLODERED ARM 14.07 TCD. Knipinan ARM 1482

1 -HO, OF SHTS, 2

, NO.	DRG. NO.	DESCRIPTION	NO.	R.NO	REMARKS
cs	N.D.	WASHER CLOTH ALL WOOL MELTON FINISH14 02:30.2 O/D.X12:7 I/D.	2		MATE: CLOTH
21	N.D.	WASHER GLAZED BOARD 228 5 0/D	1	•	MATL
55	N.D.	DISC FELT WHITE44.5 DIAXIZ-7THX.	2	<u> </u>	MATL:
23	ARM-1172 C2	G.A. EXPLODER C.E. 9 0Z 5 DR	12	<u> </u>	<b>X</b>
24	ARM-1172 82	S EXPLODER CASE	2		X
25	ARM-1172 A2	6 CAP	2		×
26	N.D.	DISC CLOTH 40.64 DIA.	AS		CLOTH
27	N.D.	WASHER MILL BOARD 40-64 0/D X	2		BOARD
		26.92 I/DX1.27 THICK			
28	AR:M-1172 C	EXPLODER C.E.3 02 15 DR (G.A.)	2		×
29	ARM-1172 8	& EXPLODER CASE (302-15DR)	12	-	X
30	ARM-1172 A2	6 CAP	2		X
31	N.D.	DISC. CLOTH 40-64 DIA	AS RLO		MATL:-
32	N.D.	WASHER MILL BOARD40-64 0/0X26-9			MATL:-MI BOARD
33	ARM-172 A29		4	1	×
34	ARM-1461 D	ILUG SUSPENSION NO. 243 AND	2	- Johnson	
35	ARM-1460 D		2		1
36	N.D.	WASHER BOX CLOTH 40-64 0/DX26-90	2 2		MATLY- CLOTH
37	ARM-1302 B	5 LUG SUSPENSION NO. 318	2		
38	ARM 1172 A3	SCREW	2	<del> </del>	X
39	ARM 1172 A3	LOCKING SCREW	2	+	
40			+	<del>   </del>	TX-
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(163)

SPECIFICATION DID&P (AIR)/32/ARM.

· · ( Pages 9)

(Based on Prov. Specification No. ARM 140 Issue B. as amended upto Feb 62).

THIS SPECIFICATION IS THE PROPERTY OF THE D.T.D. & P(AIR),
MINISTRY OF DEFENCE AND MUST BE RETURNED TO THE DEPARTMENT FROM
WHICH IT WAS ISSUED ON COMPLETION OF A CONTRACT OR DEMAND. THIS
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L. यो. स. अनुभाग

BOMB H.E. AIRCRAFT M.C. 1,000 LBS. MK. 9U.

O. P. C. SECTION

ST. S. CHICAGO SPECIFICATION TO GOVERN MANUFACTURE OF EMPTY BOMB AND

COMPONENTS.

15 NO. 512/65/DGAQA

Approved 1st June, 1963.

15 July 2013

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Section II

Section IV

Section VI

Section VII

Section VIII Section IX

Section X

Section XI Section XII

Appendix 'A'

Appendix 'B'

Appendix 'C'

Amendment State

Date

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Procedure for repair of

Castings by Welding.

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Metal Coatings.

Crack Detection - Equipment and

Operation.

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Note: Amendment State is to be kept upto date.

SECTION I - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

fitcer,

1. This specification shall be read in conjunction with the drawings issued and the relevant contract requirements.

dimensions thereon and as required by this specification. hay question relating to the drawings or specifications should be referred to the Inspector duly authorised to act on behalf of the Purchasing Department.

- No component part shall be built up or repaired in any way not provided for by the drawings or this specification unless authorised in writing by the Inspector.
- 3. Where B. S. or other specifications are quoted on the drawings or in this specification, the latest issues are implied.

#### SECTION II - COMPONENTS AND MATERIALS.

- 1. The bomb shall consist of all the components listed in the Schedule of Parts issued with the drawings, and all must be supplied by the Contractor unless otherwise stated in the Contract. Any components supplied to the Contractor on "Free Issue" or "Repayment" terms shall be embodied in accordance with the drawing and/or this specification.
- 1.2 Unless otherwise stated in the Contract, the Contractor is also required to supply all paints, varnishes, luting and other preservatives called for on the drawings or this specification. These must conform to the latest issue of approved specifications
- 1.3 All materials used in the manufacture of the bomb bodies must have been accepted as satisfactory by the Inspector before being taken into use. No mechanical work, heat treatment or other operation which may modify their physical properties may be carrie out on the materials after they have been submitted for test, unless authorised in writing by the Inspector.
- 1.4 All billets, bars and forgings used in the manufacture of bomb components shall comply with the requirement of the material specifications quoted on the relevant drawings. Materials to be welded shall be of welding quality.
- Steel Casting for bomb bodies.
- 2.1 Process of Manufacture The steel for castings shall be made by the open hearth process (acid or basic) or an electric process (acid or Basia).
- 2.2 Chemical Composition The steel shall contain :-

not more than 0.33% Carbon Silicon not more than 0.5% not more than 1.7% Manganese - not more than 0.04% Sulphur not more than 0.04% Phosphorus not more than 0.4% Nickel - not more than 0.25% ) Residual elements Chromium Molybdenum - not more than 0.15% ) only.

Elements of which the content is not limited or which are given as residual elements only shall not be intentionally added without the agreement of the Inspector, other than for the purpose of deoxidising etc. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to prevent addition of such elements from the materials used.

The Contractor shall supply to the Inspector a certificate of analysis of each melt.

2.3 Mechanical Properties - The mechanical properties determined by the methods given in Section IV shall be.:-

Ultimate tensile stress - not less than 35 tons/sq.i.
Elongation - not less than 20% on 2" gauge length.

Combined figure for - not less than 57. ||
Ultimate Tensile Stress
and Elongation.

#### 3. Filling Plug.

It will be made starfrom material to Specification B.S-STA5/V3 or Forged Steel. The forged steel Filling Plug should satisfy the following requirements.

### 3.1 Mechanical properties .

Ultimate tensile stress - not less than 28 tons/sq.in. Elongation - not less than 10%

# 3.2 Freedom from defects

The forgings are to be clean, sound and free from defects. They must be capable of being machined where necessary without showing evidence of the forged surface.

#### 3.3 Selection and preparation of test pieces.

3.3.1. At least 1% of the forgings produced from each cast of material will be taken for test samples.

3.3.2 Tensile test pieces will be prepared from those samples to the dimensions of the British Tensile Test Pieces Figure 1 of B.S. specification 3A4.

### 3.4 Test requirement.

In the event of any test piece failing to comply with the requirements specified above, the Inspecting Officer may at his discretion select double the number of samples specified for re-test. Failure of any test piece at the re-test will entail rejection of the cast represented.

4. All other materials shall be in accordance with the specfications given on the relevant drawings including any special requirements given thereon.

#### SECTION III - MANUFACTURE.

#### 1. BOMB BODY.

composition and mechanical properties given in Section II. It may be cast in the vertical position with the ogival nose was or in the horizontal position. A sufficient head of metal shall be provided, and the feeding arrangements are to be such that sound metal is obtained throughout, the casting. No casting may be made from more than one melt. No chaplets may be used in castingly the bomb body in positions where the remains of these would be present in the wells of the finished bomb.

1.2 The interior of the bomb shall, if possible, be cast to the dimensions and tolerances shown on the drawings so that no subsequent machining is necessary.

- 1.3 The exterior of the bomb shall be machined all over. The machining allowance left for this purpose shall be the minimum possible to give the finished dimensions and wall thickness specified but extra allowance may be made where necessary to ensure sound castings. Before machining is commenced the fettled, dresse and cleaned casting shall be visually inspected for cracks and oth defects; all seriously cracked castings shall be rejected.
- 1.4 Where the finished bomb is supplied with the interior unmachined or partly machined, the interior shall be thoroughly clea ed by shot blasting. The interior shall be free from irregularitidiscontinuities of profile or surface defects with re-entrant anglement surface defects free from re-entrant angles may be accepted provided they do not result in local weakening of the bomb. With the prior consent of the Inspector without exception, surface defects may be repaired by welding. No major defects or cracks material be repaired in this manner. All such repairs by welding shall be carried out in accordance with Appendix A.
- 1.5 All bomb bodies shall be annealed and/or normalised to give the mechanical properties specified in Section II. After welding on the lug housing, the bomb body shall be stress relieved by reheating to a temperature of at least 500°C and cooled in air or suitably quenched.

For each lot or batch of bombs the Contractor shall supply a document to the Inspector certifying that heat treatment-includi stress relieving subsequent to welding- has been carried out in accordance with the requirements of this specification. If requir by the Inspecting Officer at any time, the Contractor shall supply details of the heat treatment actually applied to any lot or batch of bombs. No bomb may be re-treated more than three times.

1.6 On completion of all machining, heat treatment and stress relieving the bomb body shall have the form and dimensions shown o the drawing and lie within the limits of squareness, concentricity and screw thread fits specified.

The weight and centre of gravity position of each bomb body shall be checked and shall lie within the limits given on the drawing.

### Assembly and Welding of Suspension Lug Housing.

- 2.1 The housing shall be a close fit on the bomb body and shall if necessary, be dressed or machined to ensure this. The top surface must be ground or machined if necessary to give a smooth flat surface. All flashes shall be ground off. The edge radius must b within the limits shown on the drawing.
- 2.2 The housing shall be welded to the bomb body by the electriare process after the annealing/normalising operations. An approved welding fixture shall be used to position the housing accurately, both longitudinally and circumferentially, in relation to the bomb body. After completion of all welding the bomb body has to be stress relieved as given in para 1.5. The suspension lug must not be in position during these operations.

It is important that the weld size does not exceed that shown on the drawing and, if necessary, the finished weld shall be ground to ensure this. The height of the housing, after welding, shall be within the limits shown on the drawings.

- 2.3 Full details of the welding procedure to be employed shall be submitted to the Inspector for approval. The information given shall include the preheat temperature, the make and type of electrode, the gauge of electrode, the length of run per electrode and the current strength for each run. The approved procedure shall be strictly adhered to throughout the progress of the Contract.
- 2.4 All welding operators shall have been approved by the Inspector as fully competent to carry out welding on the materials of the bomb body.
- 2.5 On completion of all welding and heat treatment the bomb body and housing will be subjected to the tests given in Section IV

#### Filling Plug.

The filling plug shall be made to the form and dimensions shown on the drawings. If drop forging or other machine forging methods are employed a draw not exceeding Team be allowed where necessary but undue increase in weight of the finished filling plug must be avoided. All flashes must be ground off.

### 4. Containers and Detonator Holders.

These should preferably be manufactured in one piece by forging and/or machining. Where the alternative welded construction shown on the drawings is adopted each container must be subjected to the pressure test given.

### SECTION IV - MATERIAL AND OTHER TESTS.

1. Mechanical Tests - Bomb Body.

# 1.1 Preparation of Test Pieces.

When test samples are cast attached to the bomb body they shall not be detached from the castings until heat treatment has been completed nor until they have been stamped to identify them with melt to which they relate.

Where test samples are cast separately, they shall be provided to the extent of 2% of the number of castings from each melt but in no case shall there be less than two samples per melt. The test samples shall be cast in moulds of the same material as is used for the bomb body castings and shall be made at the same time as the castings and run from the same ladle. The test samples shall not be less than 8" in length and not less than 1" in diameter. When cold and before heat treatment they shall be stamped to identify them with the melt to which they relate. Test samples shall be heat treated with the castings they represent. A tensile test piece shall be machined from the test sample to the dimensions of the test piece shown at figure 1 of B.S. Specification 3A4 for the tensile test specified in Section IV.

# 1.2 Test requirements.

If any test piece provided and prepared as specified above fails to comply with the tensile test specified, the Inspector may reject the casting represented by that test piece. However, the Contractor is shall have the right to submit another test piece selected from the same heat and treated or re-treated by him wire—the bomb castings of the same cast. This further test prepare ined as specified above must comply with the tensile test specified is Section IV otherwise the castings from the cast of steel shall be rejected. Test pieces showing flaws shall be ignored.

piece

- The test certificate supplied is to incorporate full details of the analysis, mechanical properties and heat treatment of the
- Mechanical tests other components including Filling Plug.
- The preparation of test pieces and method of test for all billets, bars and forgings used in the manufacture of the Filling Plug and other components shall comply with the conditions laid down in the relevant specifications.
- 2.2 Izod test for Exploder Container (Extract from Spen. ARM 94).

The forgings bars used in the manufacture of the Exploder Container shall be supplied in the normalised condition and the steel shall have a minimum Izod value of 20 ft. 1bs.

#### Pressure Test.

steel.

After completion of all machining, heat treatment, welding and stress relieving but before any finishes are applied each bomb body shall be subject to an air pressure test of 50 lb per sq. inch for five minutes when no trace of leakage must be sho

- Crack Detection.
- On completion of all machining, heat treatment, welding and stress relieving but before any finishes are applied, each bomb body shall be subjected to a magnetic crack detection test, cracks found which are proved on exploration to be minor surface defects may, with the prior approval of the Inspector, be repaired as given in Section III page 1:4: . All seriously cracked bombs . All seriously cracked bombs shall be rejected.
- Details of an approved crack detection equipment are given in Appendix C but other types of equipment may be used subject to the approval of D.T.D. & P(AIR). Where equipment other than that described in Appendix C, is used, each bomb body shall be effectively de-magnetised after the crack detection test unless it can be shown that the residual magnetism resulting from the equipment used is of an acceptably low order. All questions on the necessity for de-magnetisation shall be referred to the Inspector who may require sample bombs to be provided for compass deflection tests at a place arranged by him.

# Proof Loading of Suspension Lug Housing.

After stress relieving and before any finishes are applied, the lug housing welded to the bomb body shall be subjected to the proof load given on the drawings. The load shall be applied slowly by tension machinery or other approved means. The reaction poi on the bomb body shall be designed to avoid local high loads. The reaction points lug, suspension No. 27 Mk.1 shall not be used to apply the load but a special screwed adaptor, of the same or equivalent material, heat treated to give the same mechanical properties and with the same thread fit shall be provided for testing purposes. Great care must be taken not to damage the screw threads during this test.

There must be no sign of weld failure or appreciable permanent set due to the load applied.

# SECTION V - PROOF TESTING.

- Provision of bombs for proof testing.
  - Proof testing may be required by the Inspector. of the tests required will be made lengum who

2. Whether or not proof testing is required, the bombs shall be divided into lots. Unless specially authorized by the Inspector, a lot shall comprise 200 bombs. The first lot produced by each Contractor shall be Lot No. 1; thereafter lots shall be numbered consecutively.

### SECTION VI - IDENTIFICATION.

- After completion of all manufacture but before any finishes are applied, each bomb body has to be legibly stamped on the rear face in the position shown on the drawing, with the following information :-
  - Abridged nomenclature;

Maker's initials or recognised trade mark; (b)

- c) Month and yeat of manufacture;
  d) An identification mark which will allow the finished bomb to be traced back to the original cast and heat treatment batch. This mark shall be agreed between the Inspector and the Contractor.
- 2. Other marking which is required is given in Section IX.

### SECTION VII - FINISHES.

- The types of finish required and the surfaces to which they have to be applied are shown on the relevant drawing.
  - (a) Zinc sprayed metal coating only.

(b) Zinc sprayed metal coating with one coat of paint.
(c) Two coats of varnish with or without initial phosphate treatment.

Care must be taken to apply only the appropriate finishes to the surfaces specified on the drawings and to exclude all metal spray, Bitumen paint or varnish from screw threads, etc. which are required to be free from such finishes.

- Surface Preparation All components to be metal sprayed, coated with bitumen or varnished shall be made perfectly clean, dry and free from grease, scale, rust or other foreign matter. Removal of grease shall be by an approved organic solvent - removal of scale and oxides shall only be by blasting with a suitable abrasive grit. When found necessary to give satisfactory cleaning, and in all cases where components have to be plated, treatment by organic solvent shall be followed by approved alkaline treatment.
- Metal Spraying The surfaces to be metal sprayed shall be prepared and coated with zinc in accordance with the requirements of Appendix B. The minimum thickness of zinc coating at any one point shall be 0.004". The spraying shall be automatically controlled and only metal spraying pistols of an approved type shall be used. Great care must be taken not to damage or coat screw threads, etc., which are specified to be free from finishes.

Note :- Appreciably thicker coatings are liable to be less adherent and should be avoided.

The thickness and adhesion tests specified in Appendix B shall be carried out on thefirst 100 bombs of any contract. Thereafter, if he is satisfied that consistent results are being obtained by the technique adopted, the Inspector may, at his discretion, peduce the number of bombs to be tested to not less than 1 per cent. Any damage to the zinc coat resulting from tests shall be rectified by re-spraying.

#### 4. Phosphate Treatment.

Where phosphate treatment is specified a process approved in accordance with Specification DEF 29 (latest issue) shall be used. All materials applied and treatment of parts by such an approved process shall be in accordance with approval conditions. Inspection must be carried out in accordance with Specification DEF. 29.

### 5. Varnishing.

In addition to the cobal varnish specified on the drawings.

Section VII nara 5. \* Delete" Para 5".

Introduce "The whole of the interior surface of the bomb will be coned with varnish state of the amount of the large of the bomb will be coned with varnish state of the large of the large

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### 6. Painting.

All painting operations shall be carried out under clean and dry conditions. Condensation of moisture before and during painting operations must be avoided and draughts and dust excluded. The under-coat must be thoroughly dry before the finishing coat is applied. The resultant finish must match the relevant standard of colour and must present a smooth surface from brush marks, thin patches and other blemishes. Undue accumulation of paint at any point and tears and blobs must be avoided. All screw threads and the surfaces indicated on the drawing must be free from paint.

# SECTION VIII - ASSEMBLY.

- 1. After completion of all tests and finishes the bomb and all its components shall be assembled as shown on the drawings. The interior of the bomb shall be clean and dry during and after assembly. It is of great importance that empty bombs to adequately sealed before despatch from the Contractor's works and the specified cement and luting etc., should be carefully applied to ensure this.
- 2. A transit base of the design shown on the drawings shall be fitted to the bomb before despatch from the Contractor's Works.

# SECTION IX - MARKING.

- 1. After completion of assembly and all finishes a label of the design shown on the drawings has to be fixed to the filling plug in the position and by the method shown.
- 2. The label has to be engraved and/or stamped with the following information in the spaces provided.
  - (a) Abridged nomenclature; (i.e. 1000 M.C. Mk.90)
  - (b) Maker's initials or recognised trade mark;
  - (c) Month and year of manufacture e.g. 3/52; (d) Empty lot number.

The spaces on the label for other informati

#### SECTION X - INSPECTION.

- 1. During all stages of manufacture and assembly all components will be subject to examination, gauging and testing to the satisfaction of the Inspector.
- 2. Any bomb or component not manufactured, assembled or finished to the satisfaction of the Inspector will be rejected.
- 3. If, on examination of 20% of a delivery, it is found that 25% of the number examined depart from the approved design further examination will be suspended and the whole quantity returned to the Contractor.
- 4. With prior permission of the Inspector, defective assemblies or components, may, if possible, be rectified and resubmitted for examination.
- 5. Any casting or component may be rejected for faults in \* manufacture, notwithstanding that they have been previously accepted.

#### SECTION XI - REPLACEMENT BY CONTRACTOR.

When finished or partly finished stores or components thereof are expended or damaged in test, re-test or examination as
stipulated in this specification or elsewhere as a condition of
acceptance, the Contractor supplying the store will be required to
supply, replace, or repair, free of charge, the stores so damaged
or expended, which become the property of the Government.

### SECTION XII - PACKING.

The bombs shall be packed transversely in the railway wagon or other vehicle used for transport, and securely checked by wooden or metal dunnage so that no movement is possible.

( K. K. SAHAI ) Sqn. Ldr. Director of Technical Development & Production (AIR).

#### 1. Approval of Welders.

All welding operators employed in the repairs of castings shall have been approved by the Inspector as fully competent to carry out all welding on the materials of the bomb body. Instructions for testing are welders are given in B. S. 2645.

#### 2. Electrodes.

Only electrodes (feritic or austentic) which deposit metal of the same general properties as the parent metal shall be used. The makers recommendation for the electrode shall be strictly followed in all respects. All electrodes shall be stored in a dry place adequately protected from weather effects. Any electrodes damaged by damp shall be discarded unless it is expressly stated by the manufacturers that they can be dried by facilities available without deterioration. All electrodes having areas of the flux broken away or badly damaged shall be discarded.

#### 3. Preparation.

All surfaces to be welded shall be cleaned free from scale, dirt, grease, paint, heavy rust or other surface desposits.

The surface to be welded shall be prepared to give a sound foundation for welding and should be dressed to giverclean sound metal with the edges bevelled and free from undercut.

#### 4. Pre-heating.

Where necessary to obtain a crack free weld the casting shall be pre-heated to a temperature of between 150° and 300°C.

### 5. Welding.

The work shall be carried out in such a manner that :-

- (a) the wolds shall be of good clear metal free from cracks, gas holes, slag inclusions and all other impurities,
- (b) the surface of the welds shall have an even contour and regular finish and shall indicate proper fusion with the parent metal.
- (c) all welds shall be free from undercuts. No welds shall be painted until they have been inspected and approved.

# 6. Deslagging and Dressing.

All slag shall be thoroughly removed from welds.

All welds shall be ground to give a smooth finish with surrounding metal without discontinuities, steps or re-entrant angles. Great care must be taken not to reduce the wall thickness in the dressing operation.

# 7. Stress Relieving Treatment.

Welded bomb body shall be stress relieved at a temperature not less than 500 C.

# 8. <u>Inspection</u>.

The quality and acceptability of the repair by welding shall be adjudicated by the Inspector whose decision on these matters shall be final.

# Requirements and Tests for Sprayed Metal Coatings.



1. Surface Preparation - The surface after preparation shall be free from grease, rust, scale or other foreign matter and shall provide an adequate key for the subsequent sprayed metallic coating. The surface shall be obtained by blasting with suitable metallic grit.\* Only clean, shapp, angular grit shall be used unconteminated with paint, grease, etc. Residual grit from the grit blasing operation shall be removed from the surfaces, e.g. by dry compressed air, before spraying.

The prepared surface shall be comparable in roughness with a reference surface produced in accordance with para 7.

The sprayed coating shall be applied as soon as possible after surface preparation. If visible deterioration as compared with a freshly prepared surface has occurred, then surface preparation shall be repeated.

- 2. Coating Metal. The composition of the Zinc to be sprayed shall comply with the requirements of BS 220, Grade B (99.9 per cent purity) but the copper content shall not exceed 0.05 per cent.
- 3. <u>Method of Application</u>. The coating shall be applied to clean and dry surface prepared in accordance with para.1, by means of an approved metal spraying pistol. The following metal spraying pistols are approved:-
  - (i) Metallisation Ltd Types "Standard" Mk. 16, Mk. 27.
  - (ii) Metallising Equipment Co. Ltd Metco Types 2E, 3E, 4E 5E, Y.
  - (iii) Schori Metallising Process Ltd Model 50 (powder pistol

Other pistols which can be shown to be capable of spplying consistently efficient sprayed coatings to the satisfaction of the Inspection Authority, will be considered for approval on request.

The surface of the sprayed coating shall be of uniform texture free from lumps and coarse areas.

To provide some safeguard against excessive oxidation, the coating applied shall exhibit a bright metallic lustre when lightly burnished.

If it is necessary to apply a further coating to achieve the specified thickness great care must be taken that there is no contamination or corrosion of the previous coating.

- 4. The thickness of the coating shall be measured by means of a magnetic or electro-magnetic thickness meter approved by the Inspector, the calibration of which has been checked against a known similar thickness of coating within an accuracy of \* 10 per cent before and after the test. The effect of the measurements of modifications of the magnetic field associated with the shape and thickness of the article shall be taken into account when checking the calibration of the instrument.
- 5. Adhesion. The sprayed metallic coating shall fulfil the requirements of the test described below.

<sup>\*</sup> For components with hardness in excess of 350 DPN it may be necessary to replace the usual chilled iron grit with alumina or similar hard abrasive.



Using a straight edge and hardoned steel scriber ground to a sharp 30° point, two parallel lines shall be scribed at a distance apart equal to ten times the average coat thickness. In scribing the two lines enough pressure shall be applied on each occasion to cut through the coating to the basis metal in a single stroke. If, at the second cut, any part of the coating between the lines breaks away from the basis metal it shall be deemed to have failed the test.

6. Preparation of a reference surface - The basis metal shall be a flat piece of steel not less than ½ thick and having a hardness of the same order as the bomb body. An unbroken surface shall be grit blasted in accordance with the details given below, until a uniformly rough clean surface has been attained and maintained without visible change for at least 25 per cent of the total blasting time.

Abrasive - Chilled iron grit No. 24

Air pressure - not less than 30 lbs/sq. in.

Nozzle diameter - not exceeding 1 inch.

Nozzle position - at right angles to and about 9 inches from the surface.

### Crack Detection - Equipment and Operation.

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### 1. Equipment.

- 1.1 The basic equipment consists of a 36ft multi conductor cable in series with a fuze system which passes for a very short period of time a current surge from the 230/250V single phase A.C. mains. The cable contains in its insulating sheath 10 cores connected in series, the total resistance not exceeding 5 ohms. A suitable multimconductor cable is 12 Met vin small which provides two spare cores in case of failure of one or two conductros and copper braiding for earthing purposes.
- 1.2. The apparatus is housed in a wooden box and is connected to a 15 Amp mains outlet by a three wire-cab type cable. As a safety precaution a double pole biassed isolating swith is incorporated in the supply circuit, which is actuated by a lid stay and thus completes the circuit only when the lid of the box is closed. The multi conductor cable terminates at its free and in a female socket (e.g. Plessey 12 pin Socket miniature type CZ.49126) which when inserted, via an aperture in the case side, into the male plug (e.g. Plessey 12 pin plug panel mounting miniature type CZ.49112) mounted on the panel inside the box, complete the loop circuit through a 10 Amp Fuze system on the panel and a biassed operating switch on the outside of the wooden case.
- 1.3 A red pilot light on the outside of the box is fed through a small transformer and glows when the current flows through the flash loop thus indicating that magnetisation of the bomb under test has been effected.
- 1.4 Ancilliary equipment consists of (a) a hand spray for applying ink to the bomb (b) a supply of approved ink to be thoroughly mixed and used in accordance with the manufacturers instructions, and (c) an illuminating system for viewing the bomb internally after flaw detection.

# 2. Principle of Operation.

- 2.1 The passage of a high amperage current through a conductor produces c circular magnetic field in a plane at right angles to its axis. If the current passes through a number of conductors laid parallel to and near to each other and connected in series, then the resultant field is multiplied by the number of conductors used.
- 2.2 If three turns of the flash loop are threaded through the bomb and maintained concentric with the bomb axis the magnetic field produced. will induce a circumferential magnetic flux in the bomb. Non magnetic discontinuities near or on the surface of the bomb up to + 45° from the longitudinal direction will cause flux leakages which can be indicated by black lines when ink is applied to the magnetised bomb.
- 2.3 Although this equipment employes A.C. for magnetisation, the use of a fuze to break the circuit ensures that the arc brings the current to zero on its wave i.c. the position on the hysteresis located as to leave the component with remanent magnetism and flaw detection can be achieved by inking after the magnetising current has coased to flow.

# 3. Method of operation.

3.1 The bomb to be tested must be free from grease and dirt. is threaded with three turns of the flash loop, the two ends of

#### RESTRICTED.

- 2 -

- 3.2 The fuze is inserted in the circuit by drawing sufficient wire from the fuze real through a tensioning device on the panel ir the wooden box. A spring loaded fuze cover is held open whilst the wire is drawn over the two fuze contacts and fastened on a screw head. Closing the fuze lid, gives a tight holding contact on the fuze wire.
- 3.3 The wooden box lid is now closed, the mains supply connected and the biassed operating switch on the outside of the case operated, the red pilot light glows, the fuze blows and the operating switch released.
- 3.4 The box lid is opened the multi-pin plug and socket unlocked to allow the flash loop to be removed from the bomb.
- 3.5 Before application of the ink the hand spray must be well shaken. The ink is then applied to the bomb and after drainage of surplus ink (which might obscure defect indications) inspection carried out.
- 3.6 Each day the ink should be checked with a magnetised sample having a known defect. If the defect is not indicated it is probable that fresh ink should be used.
- 3.7 4 oz reels of 33 S.W.G. tinned copper wire fuzing at 10 Amposhould be used for the fuzing system.

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57 Specfns. 2492 WASHERS, LFATHER (VEGETABLE TANNED)
LUBRICATED, LEAD FREE

Specification governing supply and inspection

Approved 23rd Nov., 1933 Reprinted Sept., 1948

SECTION I - GENERAL

- 1.vd The dimer ion of the washers are to be in conformity with the drawing issued to guide manufacture.
- 2. Any sample lent to the Contractor must be taken only as a general guide to workmanship and finish and not as a guide to dimensioning or quality of material.
- 3. Any question relating the the drawing, samples or this specification should be referred to The Chief Inspector of Armaments, The Chief Inspector of Naval Ordnance; The Director of Aeronautical Inspection, or other Inspecting Officer duly authorised to act on behalf of the Purchasing Department (hereinafter called the Inspecting Officer).
- 4. IMPORTANT: USE OF OPTIONAL ALTERNATIVES. Where the drawing or specification permits a choice of alternative materials or forms for particular components, the Contractor is required to notify, in writing, to the Inspecting Officer which of the permitted alternatives he chooses to produce. If the choice of alternatives is changed during the course of the contract, the Contractor shall again notify the Inspecting Officer of such change.

#### SECTION II - MATERIAL

- 1. The washers are to be of leather of the grain portion of best quality; well trimmed or even grain on the top side, free from necks, warbles, flaws or blemishes.
- The leather must be specially prepared for the purpose and must not containffree fatty acid and other lasty substances in quantities exceeding the limits stipulated in this an effication and must be free from adulterant of any description (natural studges to the extent of 2.5 per cent. not being considered an adulterant). If, after tenning, prior to any further operation, it is necessary to "oil off," light mineral oil free from acid must be used and not the additional mixtures such as cod oil and tallow or other fats and fatty oils.
- 3. The leather must be subsequently impregnated with mineral jelly lead free.
- 4. The following material may be supplied to the Contractor by the Purchasing Department. If not, they must conform to the requirements laid down in the appropriate approved specifications, copies of which will be issued to the Contractor.

#### MINFFAL JELLY.

He will also supply any other material necessary for the completion of the contract.

#### SECTION III - TESTS AND ANALYSIS OF MATERIAL



- The leather will be tested as detailed below:-
  - (a) Prior to impromation with mineral jelly.

Examination of samples must show that -

- (i) The leather does not contain more than 2 per cent. of free fatty acid nor more than 4 per cent. of free fatty acid and fat calculated as aleic acid. This determination is made on the petroleum ether extract of the leather.
  - (ii) The leather does not contain more than 0.5 per cent. by weight of free mineral acid, calculated as sulphuric acid when determined by the procter Searle method. In view of the difficulty in obtaining concordant results of the analysis, a maximum allowance for variation, due to this cause, of plus 0.2 on the figure specified will be permitted.

If the percentages of free mineral acid exceeds 0.7 per cent. but does not exceed 0.8 per cent. the leather may be accepted provided that the acid figures as determined by the Atkin-Thompson method is not less than 2.5.

- (iii) The leather is free from alkalinity and loading matter.
  - (iv) The leather does not contain lead or components of lead calculated as metallic lead together exceeding 0.05 per cent. and excluding the natural mineral matter of the materials, the toatal amounts of other metallic compounds, calculated as metals does not exceed 0.2 per cent.
- (b) After impregnation with mineral jelly

Examination of samples must, in addition to (i), ((ii), Procter Searle Method), (iii) and (iv) above, show that:-

- (i) When tested by folding and refolding the fold at right angles it does not crack on the grain.
- (ii) The leather does not contain less than 20 per cent, of mineral jelly.

  This determination is made on the petroleum ether extract of the leather.
- 2. The Contractor will be required to supply, free of charge, the necessary material for testing.
- When samples of ingredients or of prepared compositions are selected for chemical tests the Inspecting Officer may required the bulk represented to be bonded or sealed pending the results of the tests.
- 4. Occasional check tests may be made upon the material being employed by the Contractor or his Sub-contractor to ensure that it complies with the conditions contained therein.
- 5. Should it be found that the material does not comply with the prescribed conditions the bulk represented by the sample will be rejected.

#### SECTION IV - DELIVERY

- 1. The washers, unless otherwise ordered, are to be delivered in lots of 1000.
- 2. Each lot is to be packed in a strong cardboard box, well wrapped and secured to prevent ingress of grit and dirt into the packages.
- 2 Forh package must be clearly marked with the nature of the contents, manufactur



#### SECTION V - INSPECTION

- 4. The washers may be inspected at any time during canufacture by, and after delivery will be subject to testing by, and to the final approval of, the Inspecting Officer,
- 2. If, on examination of 20 per cent. of a delivery it is found that 25 per cent. of the number examined depart from the approved design the let will be rejected.
- 3. Any washer not finished to the satisfaction of the Inspecting Officer, or which has any flaw or imperfection will be rejected.

#### SECTION VI - PEPLACEMENT BY COMMINCTOR

1. Where finished or partly finished westhers are expended or damaged in test, re - test or examination, as stipulated for in this specification or elsewhere as a condition of acceptance, the Contractor supplying the washers will be required, free of charge, to supply, or replace the number so expended, which become the property of the Government.

J.U. HOIT. DIRECTOR OF ARTILLERY.

THIS SPECIFICATION IS TO BE RETURNED TO THE CHIEF INSTECTOR OF ADMANDINGS, IMMEDIATELY TENDER HAS BEEN SUBMITTED OF CONTINCE CONFIDENCE.

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